

# **Course Syllabus**

1	Course title	Nematode Ecology	
2	Course number	0606923	
3	Credit hours	3	3
-	Contact hours (theory, practical)	3	
4	Prerequisites/corequisites	/	
5	Program title	Plant Protection	
6	Program code		
7	Awarding institution		
8	School	School of Agriculture	
9	Department	Department of Plant protection	n
10	Course level	PhD	
11	Year of study and semester (s)		
12	Other department (s) involved in teaching the course	/	
13	Main teaching language	English	
14	Delivery method	☐ Face to face learning	X Blended □Fully online
15	Online platforms(s)	☐Moodle ☐Microsoft Team☐Others	ms □Skype □Zoom
16	Issuing/Revision Date	Feb. 27 <sup>th</sup> 2022	
urse	Coordinator:		
Nan	ne: Dr. Luma Al Banna	Contact hours: 5-7 pm	Monday and Wednesday
Offi	ce number: 176	Phone number:22530	
Ema	ail: lalbanna@ju.edu.jo		
18	Other instructors:		



## **19Course Description:**

This course includes study of the distribution of nematode population, and the effects of abiotic and biotic factors on nematode populations; including soil temperature, moisture, pH in addition to gases, inorganic and organic matter contents in the soil. Nematode survival mechanisms will be also discussed.

### 20. Course aims and outcomes:

- A- Aims:
- To understand major concepts of population biology, including patterns of distribution and abundance of plant parasitic nematodes; population demography; population growth; regulation of population size, survival.
- To understand major concepts in community ecology, including patterns of biodiversity.

	-	T 2		1			-		
DI O.	1	2	3	4	5	6	1/	8	9
PLOs									
SLOs of the course									
A1 Understand some important topics concerning ecology									
of nematodes.									
A2 Understand population and community ecology.									
A3 Understand the spatial and temporal distribution of nematodes.									
A4 Recognize how do nematode survive and spread.									
B1- Gain the skills of sampling nematodes									
C1- Derive principles of plant disease management from knowledge of nematode ecology.						V	$\sqrt{}$		
C2- Gain an increased self-confidence in one's personal ability regarding nematode Ecology		V				1			
C3- Gain an increased self-confidence in one's personal									
ability regarding ecology as a science.									
D1 Work within a team									$\sqrt{}$
D2. Plan and manage time									
		111		1 4					•

PLOS :After the successful completion of this program student should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a broad knowledge of core concepts in plant protection.
- 2. Demonstrate teaching competence through teaching assistance, seminars and speaking experiences.
- 3. Understanding, interpretation and synthesis of scientific literature pertaining to plant protection.
- Formulate hypotheses; develop experimental designs to test these hypotheses; establish and maintain experiments.
- 5. Collect data in an objective way and perform appropriate statistical analyses.
- 6. Think critically, solve research problems, and draw conclusions in the field of specialization.
- 7. Interpret and present research results in oral and written formats.
- 8. Publish research in peer-reviewed scientific journals.
- 9. Maintain a leadership role in plant protection at the national and international levels.



# 21 Topic Outline and Schedule:

Week	Lect ure	Topic	Intended Learning Outcome	Learning Methods	Platform	Synchronous / Asynchronou s Lecturing	Evaluation Methods	Resources
	1.1	I. Introduction: Plant Parasitic Nematode; Biology	A1	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	1-3
1	1.2	I. Introduction : Plant Parasitic Nematode ; Biology	A1	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	1-4
	1.3	A. Distribution of Nematodes				Asynchronous		
	2.1	II. Population Ecology  A. Distribution of Nematodes  1. Geographical  2. Local (vertical, horizontal, temporal)	A1-A4, B1, C1- C3, D1- D2	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	1-4,14
2	2.2	B. Distribution of Nematodes 1. Geographical 2. Local (vertical, horizontal, temporal)		Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	1-4,14
	2.3	<b>B.Population Dynamics</b>				Asynchronous		
	3.1	<b>B.Population Dynamics</b>		Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	1-4
3	3.2	B. Population Dynamics		Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	
	3.3	C. Influence of physical factors				Asynchronous		1-4,10-13,1
4	4.1	C. Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations.  1. Influence of physical factors		Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	
	4.2	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations.  1.Influence of physical		Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	



		factors					
	4.3	Abiotic factors			Asynchronous		
	5.1	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations.  1.Influence of physical factors	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Presentatio n	
5	5.2	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations. 1.Influence of physical factors	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & fina Presentatio n 1	
	5.3	Influence of chemical factors	Blended		ASynchronous		1-4, 16,16 17
	6.1	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations. 2.Influence of chemical factors	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	
6	6.2	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations. 2.Influence of chemical factors	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final	
	6.3	Biological factors			Asynchronous		1-4,7
	7.1	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations. 3.Influence of biological factors	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	synchronous	Mid & final Mid & final, Presentatio n	
7	7.2	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations. 3.Influence of biological factors	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous		
	7.3	Influence of biological factors			Asynchronous		
8	8.1	C.Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting populations.	Face to Face	Moodle, Microsof t teams	Synchronous	Mid & final, Presentatio	
5	8.2	3.Influence of biological factors					



- I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	8.3	C.Biotic and Abiotic		Face to Face	Moodle,	Asynchronous		
	0.5	factors affecting			Microsof			
		populations.			t teams			
		3.Influence of biological						
		factors						
	9.1	D. Survival senescence,	=	Face to	Moodle,	Synchronous	Final	1-3, 9,18
	7.1	quiescence, cryptobiosis		Face	Microsof	2,1111111111111111111111111111111111111		1-3, 9,16
		quiescence, ci yptobiosis			t teams			
9	9.2	D. Survival senescence,		Face to	Moodle,	Synchronous	Final	
		quiescence, cryptobiosis		Face	Microsof			
		quiescence, eryprosissis			t teams			
	9.3	Survival				Asynchronous		
	10.1	Midterm				<u> </u>		
		III. Community Ecology	A1-A3 ,	Face to Face		Synchronou		1-4,5,19
		A. Populations and						1 .,5,17
10	10.2	Communities	C1-C3,		1			
10		B. Habitats	D1-D2					
		Nematode structure	_			Asynchronous		
	10.3	Nematode structure						
	11.1	C. Trophic groups		Face to Face		Synchronous	Final	_
	11.1	C. Tropine groups						
1.1	11.0	D. Structure		Face to Face	Moodle,	Synchronous	Final	
11	11.2	E. Diversity			Microso ft teams			
					it teams			
		Diversity				Asynchronous		
		D. Structure		Face to Face	Moodle,	Synchronous	Final	
	12.1	E. Diversity			Microso			
10					ft teams			
12	12.2	D. Structure		Face to Face		Synchronous	Final	
		E. Diversity						
		Students project				Asynchronous		
		Students projects	A1-A4 ,	Face to Face		Synchronous	Final	
13	13.1	Eagle on of	B1, C1-					
13	13.1	Ecology of	C3, D1-		1			
		Bursaphelenchus						
		xylophilus	D2			-		
		Students projects		Face to Face		Synchronous	Final	
	13.2	Ecology of <i>Belonolaimus</i>						
					1			
		longicaudatua						
	13.3	Student project	7		1	Asynchronous	Final	



14	14.1	Students projects  Ecology of Pine wilt nematode		Moodle, Microso ft teams	Synchronous	Final	
	14.2	Ecology of Ditylenchus dipsaci		Moodle, Microso ft teams	Ssynchronous	Final	
		Student Projects			Asynchronous		
15	15.1	Students projects  Ecology of Pratylenchus penetrans	Face to Face		Synchronous	Project , Students	
13	15.2	Students projects  Ecology Heterodera latipons	Face to Face		Synchronous	Project students	

## **22 Evaluation Methods:**

Opportunities to demonstrate achievement of the SLOs are provided through the following assessment methods and requirements:

<b>Evaluation Activity</b>	Mark	Topic(s)	SLOs	Period (Week)	Platform
First Mid-Term Exam (Theory and practical)	30	W1-W9	A1-C1, D2	10 <sup>th</sup> week	
Presentation, Assignments Final project	10 5 15	W3-W14	A1-D2	At the end of each topic	Moodle, Microsoft teams
Final Exam (theory and practical)	40%	W1-W15all topics	A1-C1, D2	Will be announced from registrar	

# 23 Course Requirements

(e.g. students should have a computer, internet connection, webcam,

# 24 Course Policies:



- A- Attendance policies:
  - <15%, <20% with a permission; medical report
- B- Absences from exams and submitting assignments on time:
  - Assignments will not be accepted after deadline
  - · Absence of exams with a medical report must be submitted following regulations and
  - a makeup exam will be scheduled within one week
- C- Health and safety procedures:
  - Mask must be worn all the time in class and lab
  - Social distancing
- D- Honesty policy regarding cheating, plagiarism, misbehavior:
- E- Grading policy:

From (%)	To (%)	Scale	Mark	Result
0	54	0	С	Acceptable
55	59	2.5	C+	Good
60	64	2.75	B-	Good
65	74	3	В	Very Good
75	79	3.5	B+	Very Good
80	84	3.75	A <sup>-</sup>	Excellent
85	100	4	Α	Excellent

F- Available university services that support achievement in the course:

#### 25 References:

A- Required book(s), assigned reading and audio-visuals:

#### Text Book:

- 1. **Neher DA**. 2010. Ecology of plant and free-living nematodes in natural and agricultural soil. Annu Rev Phytopathol. 48:371-94. doi: 10.1146/annurev-phyto-073009-114439. PMID: 20455699.
- 2. **Norton, D. 1991**. Biology and Ecology of nematodes 47-72 In Manual of Agricultural Nematology. Nickle ed. Dekker
- 3. **Norton, D.C. 1978**. Ecology of Plant-Parasitic Nematodes.268pp.

### References

- 4. **Abed, A.**, 2002. Epidemiology of *Heterodera latipons*. PhDsthesis
- 5. **Al-Banna, L., and S. L. Gardner**. 1996. Nematode diversity of native species of *Vitis* in California. Canadian Journal of Zoology: 74:971-982.
- 6. **Al-Banna**, L., R. Darwish and T. Aburjai. 2003. Effect of plant extracts and essential oils on root-knot nematode. Phytopathologia Mediterranea: 42: 123-128.
- 7. **Al-Banna, L**., and Khyami-Horani. 2004. Nematicidal activity of two Jordanian strains of *Bacillus thuringiensis* on root-knot nematodes. Nematologia Mediterranea, 32: 41-45.
- 8. Cuartero, J., Frey, B., Eder, R., Brunner, I. 2024. More than a decade of irrigation alters soil nematode communities in a drought-prone Scots pine forest, Applied Soil Ecology, 203, 105621, ISSN 0929-1393, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apsoil.2024.105621.
- 9. **Halik, S. and Bergdahl, D. B. 1992**. Survival and ifectivity of *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* in wood chip-soil mixtures. Journal of Nematology 24: 495-503



- 10. **Kodira, C. U. and Ferris**, H. 1992. Effects of temperature on *Pratylenchus neglectus* and on its pathogenicity to Barley. Journal of nematology, 24: 504-511.
- 11. **Koenning, S. R. Walters S. A. and Barker, K. R. 1996.** Impact of soil texture on the reproduction and damage potentials of *Rotylenchulus reniformis* and *Meloidogyne incognita* on cotton. Journal of nematology 28: 527-536.
- 12. **Lyons, J. M. Keith, A. D. & Thomason, I. J**. 1974. Temperature-Induced phase transitions in nematode lipids and their influences on respiration. Journal of Nematology, 7: 98-103.
- 13. **Mizukubo, T. & Adachi, H**. 1997. Effect of temperature on *Pratylenchus penetrans* development. Journal of Nematology, 29: 306-314.
- 14. **Pen Mouratov S Rakhimbaev M Steinberger Y. 2003**. Seasonal and spatial variation in nematode communities in a Negev Desert ecosystem. Journal of Nematology. 35:157-166
- 15. **Ploeg, A. 1992**. Influence of temperature on multiplication and egg hatching of Longidorus africanus. *Journal of Nematology*, 31: 75-80.
- 16. **Spiegel Y Burrows P M Bar Eyal M. 2003**. A chemo attractant in onion root exudates recognized by *Ditylenchus dipsaci* in laboratory bioassay. Phytopathology. 93: 127-132
- 17. **Stoner, N., Nagle, K., Rivera, M., VanSant, L. and Schroeder**. The effects of sodium chloride on embryonic development and egg hatch of the southern root knot nematode, *Meloidogyne incognita*. DUPONT Crop Protection Products- Nematology, Newark, DE 19714, USA.
- 18. Treonis, A. and Wall, D. 2005. Soil nematodes and desiccation survival in the extreme arid environment of the antarctic dry valleys. *Integrated comparative Biology*, 45: 741-750.
- 19. **Yeates, G.W., Bongers, T., DeGoede, R.G.M., Freckman, D.W., & Georgieva, S.S., 1993.** Feeding habits in soil nematode families and genera-An outline for soil ecologists. *J. Nematol.* 25, 315-331.

Appropriate Scientific papers, modified regularly

### Reference updated each semester

Videos In class and will be deposited on elearning Highlighted papers are Students presentations Students Projects\*: modified regularly

### 26 Additional information:

Name of Course Coordinator: Date: Date:	
Head of Curriculum Committee/Department: Signature:	
Head of Department: Signature:	
Head of Curriculum Committee/Faculty: Signature: Signature:	
Dean: Signature:	